

RESEARCH OF RUSSIAN LANGUAGE VOCABULARY IN ITS RELATIVE AND CONTACT CONNECTIONS: HISTORY AND HISTORY AND CONTEMPORANEITY

Application and essence of the development

Research of Russian language vocabulary in its connections with the relative Slavic languages is entirely logical; it is as important as examination of vocabulary and phraseology of Russian in comparison with the languages of distant relations (West European) and non-relative languages (Chinese, Turkish, Turkmenian, etc.). the vocabulary of Russian language and other languages (relative and non-relative ones) is studied in both synchronic and diachronic aspects taking into account traditional and contemporary tendencies of linguistics (ethnolinguistics, cognitive linguistics, gender linguistics, computer linguistics).

Lines of research:

- Definition of the inner form and history of particular words and lexico-thematic groups of words of Russian

language;

- Analysis of history of Russian language vocabulary in its connections with closely related Slavic languages;

- Recognizing similarities and differences in the semantic structure of Russian language vocabulary with the corresponding nominations of non-relative languages;

- Application of methods of cognitive, gender and computer linguistics in study of Russian language vocabulary;

- Characteristics of the vocabulary functioning in Russian and other Slavic languages in conditions of globalization with application of computer

technologies.

